

$$1) (f+g)(x) = \underline{x^2+2x-7} \quad D_{f+g} \quad \{x|All\ real\ numbers\}$$

$$2) (f-g)(x) = \underline{-x^2+2x+1} \quad D_{f-g} \quad \{x|All\ real\ numbers\}$$

$$3) (f \cdot g)(x) = \underline{2x^3-3x^2-8x+12} \quad D_{fg} \quad \{x|All\ real\ numbers\}$$

$$4) \left(\frac{f}{g} \right)(x) = \frac{2x-3}{-x^2-4} \quad D_{\frac{f}{g}} = \underline{(-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, 2) \cup (2, \infty)}$$

5)

$$a) \frac{3(x+2)}{(x+3)(x-3)} = \frac{3x+6}{x^2-9} \quad D_{f+g} = ? \quad (-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$$

$$b) \frac{2(x+3)}{x} = \frac{2x+6}{x} \quad D_{\frac{f}{g}} = ? \quad (-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 0) \cup (0, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$$

$$c) \frac{2x}{(x-3)^2(x+3)} = \frac{2x}{x^3-3x^2-9x+27} \quad D_{fg} = ? \quad (-\infty, -3) \cup (-3, 3) \cup (3, \infty)$$

$$6) a) (h \cdot p)(x) = \sqrt{x^3+x} \quad X(x^2+1)>0 \text{ when } x<0, (0, \infty)$$

$$b) \left(\frac{h}{p} \right)(x) = \sqrt{\frac{x}{x^2+1}} = \frac{\sqrt{x(x^2+1)}}{x^2+1} \quad \text{and its domain? } [0, \infty)$$

$$c) (h-p)(x) = \sqrt{x} - \sqrt{x^2+1} \quad \text{and its domain? } [0, \infty)$$