

When the coefficient is multiplied...

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{-8n}{-8} = \frac{-64}{-8}$$

$$n = 8$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{-7y}{-7} = \frac{28}{-7}$$

$$y = -4$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{6a}{6} = \frac{0.96}{6}$$

$$a = .16$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{-96}{4} = \frac{4c}{4}$$

$$c = -24$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{17.5}{5} = \frac{5s}{5}$$

$$s = 3.5$$

$$\textcircled{6} \frac{7r}{7} = \frac{-7}{2}$$

$$\frac{-7}{2} \div \frac{7}{1}$$

$$\frac{-7}{2} \times \frac{1}{7} = \frac{-7}{14} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$r = -\frac{1}{2}$$

When the coefficient is divided...

$$\textcircled{1} \frac{7}{1} \cdot \frac{k}{7} = 13 \cdot 7$$

$$k = 91$$

$$\textcircled{2} \frac{7}{1} \cdot \frac{m}{7} = 12 \cdot \frac{7}{1}$$

$$m = 84$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{9}{1} = -9 \cdot -9$$

$$q = 81$$

$$\textcircled{4} \frac{2}{1} \cdot 14 = \frac{z}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{1}$$

$$z = 28$$

$$\textcircled{5} \frac{4}{1} \cdot \frac{k}{4} = \frac{-17}{2} \cdot \frac{4}{1}$$

$$k = -\frac{68}{2}$$

$$k = -34$$

Fractional Coefficients

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{2}{3}q = \frac{18}{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$q = \frac{18}{1} \div \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{18}{1} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{54}{2}$$

$$q = 27$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{3}{4}x = \frac{9}{\frac{3}{4}}$$

$$x = \frac{9}{1} \div \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{9}{1} \times \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\frac{36}{3}$$

$$x = 12$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{5}{8}y = \frac{-1}{\frac{5}{8}}$$

$$y = \frac{-1}{1} \div \frac{5}{8}$$

$$\frac{-1}{1} \times \frac{8}{5}$$

$$y = \frac{-8}{5} = -1\frac{3}{5}$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{3}{5}m = \frac{15}{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$m = \frac{75}{3} = 25$$

$$\textcircled{5} \quad \frac{3}{8}P = \frac{9}{\frac{3}{8}}$$

$$P = \frac{72}{3} = 24$$

* another shorthand way multiply by reciprocal on both sides!

Clearing the Fraction

Multiply whole equation by Lowest Common Denominator!

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \frac{6}{1} \left(\frac{1}{2}x + \frac{2}{3}x = 7 \right)$$

$$\frac{6}{2}x + \frac{12}{3}x = 42$$

$$3x + 4x = 42 \quad x = 6$$

$$7x = 42$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \frac{15}{1} \left(\frac{3}{5}x + \frac{1}{3}x = 14 \right)$$

$$\frac{45}{5}x + \frac{15}{3}x = 210$$

$$9x + 5x = 210$$

$$14x = 210$$

$$x = 15$$

$$\textcircled{3} \quad \frac{12}{1} \left(\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{2}{3}x = 11 \right)$$

$$\frac{12}{4}x + \frac{24}{3}x = 132$$

$$3x + 8x = 132$$

$$\frac{11x}{11} = \frac{132}{11} \quad x = 12$$

$$\textcircled{4} \quad \frac{5}{1} \left(\frac{b+3}{5} = -1 \right)$$

$$\frac{5(b+3)}{5} = -5$$

$$b+3 = -5$$

$$b = -8$$

Level A

① $4x + 3x = 21$
 $\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{21}{7}$
 $x = 3$

② $7x - 2x = 25$
 $\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{25}{5}$
 $x = 5$

③ $7x + 2 + x = 18$
 $8x + 2 = 18$
 $\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{16}{8}$
 $x = 2$

④ $6x + 2 + 3 = 35$
 $6x + 5 = 35$
 $\frac{6x}{6} = \frac{30}{6}$
 $x = 5$

⑤ $8x - 2 = 40 + 6$
 $8x - 2 = 46$
 $\frac{8x}{8} = \frac{48}{8}$
 $x = 6$

Level B

① $1.5x + 15 = 24$
 $\frac{1.5x}{1.5} = \frac{9}{1.5}$

② $8x - 6x - 25 = -35$
 $2x - 25 = -35$
 $\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-10}{2}$
 $x = -5$

③ $\frac{1}{2}x + 2 = 8$
 $\frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{2}x = 6 \cdot \frac{2}{1}$
 $x = 12$

④ $\frac{9}{1} \cdot \frac{1}{-9} = -9$
 $\frac{-9}{-9} = -9 \cdot -9$
 $q = 81$

⑤ $\frac{4}{1} \cdot \frac{k}{4} = \frac{-11}{2} \cdot \frac{4}{1}$
 $k = 34$

⑥ $\frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4}x = 12 \cdot \frac{4}{3}$
 $\frac{12}{12}x = \frac{12}{1} \cdot \frac{4}{3}$
 $x = \frac{48}{3} \text{ or } 16$

⑦ $\frac{3}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{3}x = 10 \cdot \frac{3}{2}$
 $\frac{6}{6}x = \frac{10}{1} \cdot \frac{3}{2}$
 $x = \frac{30}{2} \text{ or } 15$

Level C

$$\textcircled{1} 9 \cdot 36 = \frac{9}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{9} d$$

$$\frac{324}{4} = \frac{36}{36} d$$

$$81 = d$$

$$\textcircled{2} 4 \frac{1}{4} = 1 \frac{3}{4} + p$$

$$\frac{17}{4} = \frac{7}{4} + p$$

change to improper

$$\frac{10}{4} = p \text{ or } \frac{5}{2} \text{ or } 2 \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\textcircled{3} \frac{2}{1} \cdot \frac{y-4}{2} = 10 \cdot \frac{2}{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y-4 = 20 \\ +4 \quad +4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$y = 24$$

$$\textcircled{4} 26 = \frac{m}{6} + 5$$

$$\frac{6}{1} \cdot 21 = \frac{m}{6} \cdot \frac{6}{1}$$

$$126 = m$$

$$\textcircled{5} 7 \frac{1}{2} = \frac{x+3}{2}$$

$$\frac{2}{1} \left(\frac{15}{2} = \frac{x+3}{2} \right)$$

$$\frac{30}{2} = x+3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 15 = x+3 \\ -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$12 = x$$

$$\textcircled{6} 2 \cdot 4 = \frac{a+10}{2} \cdot \frac{2}{1}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 = a+10 \\ -10 \quad -10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$-2 = a$$