## Matter: Mass, Volume, and Density Test A

1. (T)(F)Two objects may occupy the same space at the same time.
2. Which best describes volume?
a)the amount of matter in an object
b)the amount of three-dimensional space
c)the pull of gravity on an object
3. What units are most commonly used to measure solid volume?
a) cubic centimeters (cc)
b) milliliters ( ml )
c) centimeters (cm)
d) grams (g)
4. What units are most commonly used to measure liquid volume?
a) cubic centimeters (cc)
b) milliliters ( ml )
c) centimeters (cm)
d) grams(g)
5. Which of these is a good description of matter?
a) stuff
b) action
c) way-cool
6. (T)(F)The volume of regular, three-dimensional (3D) shapes such as cubes, rectangular and triangular prisms, spheres, cylinders, cones, and pyramids may be determined by measuring their length dimensions and substituting them into a formula.
7. What is the volume of a cube that measures $3 \times 3 \times 3 \mathrm{~cm}$ ?
a) 9 cm
b) 27 cm
c) 27 cc
d) 9 ml
8. How are weight and mass similar?
a)They both depend on the amount of matter in an object.
b)They both depend on the force of gravity.
c) Neither depends on the force of gravity.
9. How are weight and mass different?
a)Mass is the amount of matter in an object and is unaffected by gravity while weight is the pull of gravity on an object and changes when gravity changes.
b)Weight is the amount of matter in an object while mass is the pull of gravity on an object.
c) Your mass would change if you went to the moon while your weight would remain constant.
10. What device or technique is used to measure mass?
a) water displacement
b)graduated cylinder
c) spring scale
d)triple beam balance
11. What device or technique is used to measure liquid volume?
a)water displacement
b) graduated cylinder
c) spring scale
d)triple beam balance
12. What device or technique is used to measure pulling force, including weight?
a)water displacement
b) graduated cylinder
c) spring scale
d)triple beam balance
13. What device or technique is used to measure the volume of an irregular solid that cannot be calculated?
a)water displacement
b) graduated cylinder
c) spring scale
d)triple beam balance
14. What units are commonly used to measure pushing or pulling force, such as weight? a) $\operatorname{grams}(\mathrm{g})$
b) newtons(n)
c) croutons(cr)
d) pascals(p)
15.(T)(F)My weight on the moon is different from my weight on earth.
15. The tangible (physical) universe consists of what two things?
a)mass and volume
b)matter and energy
c) mass and weight
d)solids and liquids
16. Density is calculated using the following formula:
a) $D=M / V(D$ equals $M$ divided by $V$ )
b) $D=V / M(D$ equals $V$ divided by $M$ )
c) $\mathrm{LxW} \times H$ (length times width times height)
17. What is the density of an object with a volume of 50 cc and a mass of 100 g ?
a) $100 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cc}$
b). $5 \mathrm{cc} / \mathrm{g}$
c) $50 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cc}$
d) $2 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{cc}$
18. $(T)(F)$ An object that is 13 g and 15 cc will float in water.
19. List one type of energy.
20. Foam floats in water. What is the reason for this?
