# $\frac{\text{Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal. } {Warm Up}$

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## Warm Up Answers

975	164	356	606	959	854
× 13	× 39	× 93	× 63	$\times 47$	× 24

975	164	356	606	959	854
× 13	× 39	× 93	× 63	$\times 47$	× 24
2,925	1,476	1,068	1,818	6,713	3,416
9,750	4,920	32,040	36,360	38,360	17,080
12,675	6,396	33,108	38,178	45,073	20,496

Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equa

### Homework Answers

	is a fract			est form.					
1. 8 to 14	2	2. 36 even : 12 odd			3. 42 vanilla to 48 chocolate				
$\frac{4}{-}$			3			7			
7			1		8				
nd the unit rat	te.								
4. \$2.50 for 5 ounces		5	5. 15	degrees in 2	hours 6. 18	3 mil	les in 3	hours	
\$0.50	per		7.	5 degr	ees 6	1 r	nile	S	
ounce	•		p	er hou	r p	er	hοι	ır	
7. pounds per  Boxes  Pounds	0 1 0 30	2 60	3		Notebooks Cost (dollars)	0	5 9.45	10 18.90	15 28.35
Boxes	0 1 0 30	60	90		Notebooks	0	9.45	18.90	
Boxes Pounds 30 pou	0 1 0 30	60 per	90 box	Σ.	Notebooks Cost (dollars) \$1.89 per	0	9.45	18.90	
Boxes Pounds 30 pot	0 1 0 30 unds	60 per	90 box	Σ.	Notebooks Cost (dollars) \$1.89 per	0	9.45	18.90	
Boxes Pounds 30 pou	0 1 0 30 unds	60 per	90 box	Σ.	Notebooks Cost (dollars) \$1.89 per	0	9.45	18.90	
Boxes Pounds 30 pou 9. You create a. What is 3 cel	0 1 0 30 unds	60 per rpieces rate? piece	90 box for a p	oarty in 5 ho	Notebooks Cost (dollars) \$1.89 per	0	9.45	18.90	

Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.

January 7, 2015

Lesson 14.2

## **Essential Question:**

How can proportions help you decide when things are "fair"?

Lesson 14.2 January 7, 2015

## Lesson Objective:

Students will be able to:

use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.

### Self-Evaluation Scale

Score	Description
4	I can teach other students how to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.
3	I can use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.
2	I recognize, but still need help to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.
1	I do not know how to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.

Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.



#### **Proportions**

**Words** A **proportion** is an equation stating that two ratios are equivalent. Two quantities that form a proportion are **proportional**.

Numbers  $\frac{2}{3} = \frac{4}{6}$ 

The proportion is read "2 is to 3 as 4 is to 6."

Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.

#### 1 Determining Whether Ratios Form a Proportion

Tell whether  $\frac{6}{4}$  and  $\frac{8}{12}$  form a proportion.

Compare the ratios in simplest form.

$$\frac{6}{4} = \frac{6 \div 2}{4 \div 2} = \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\frac{8}{12} = \frac{8 \div 4}{12 \div 4} = \frac{2}{3}$$
The ratios are *not* equivalent.

So,  $\frac{6}{4}$  and  $\frac{8}{12}$  do *not* form a proportion.

Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.

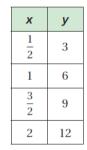
#### 2 Determining Whether Two Quantities Are Proportional

#### Tell whether x and y are proportional.

Compare each ratio *x* to *y* in simplest form.

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{3} = \frac{1}{6} \qquad \frac{1}{6} \qquad \frac{\frac{3}{2}}{9} = \frac{1}{6} \qquad \frac{2}{12} = \frac{1}{6}$$
The ratios are equivalent.

So, x and y are proportional.



Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if or ratios are equal.





#### **Cross Products**

In the proportion  $\frac{a}{b} = \frac{c}{d}$ , the products  $a \cdot d$  and  $b \cdot c$  are called **cross products**.

#### **Cross Products Property**

**Words** The cross products of a proportion are equal.



$$2 \cdot 6 = 3 \cdot 4$$



$$ad = bc$$
,  
where  $b \neq 0$  and  $d \neq 0$ 

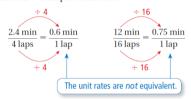
Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.



#### Identifying Proportional Relationships

You swim your first 4 laps in 2.4 minutes. You complete 16 laps in 12 minutes. Is the number of laps proportional to your time?

**Method 1:** Compare unit rates.



So, the number of laps is *not* proportional to the time.

**Method 2:** Use the Cross Products Property.

 $\frac{2.4 \, \text{min}}{4 \, \text{laps}} \stackrel{?}{=} \frac{12 \, \text{min}}{16 \, \text{laps}}$  Test to see if the rates are equivalent.  $2.4 \cdot 16 \stackrel{?}{=} 4 \cdot 12$  Find the cross products.  $38.4 \neq 48$  The cross products are *not* equal.

So, the number of laps is *not* proportional to the time.

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## Assignment

#### Complete problems:

6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, & 32 on pages 610 - 611 in your Big Ideas Text Book.

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### Assignment Answers

**6.** yes

**8.** no

**10.** no

**12.** no

**14.** yes

**16.** no

**18.** no

**20.** no

**22.** you: 1.1 beats per second friend: 1.2 beats per second No, the rates are not equivalent.

**28.** a. x and y, x and z, y and z

**b.** 30

**30.** a. no

**24.** no

**26. a.** \$7 per hour

b. \$9 per hour

c. no; Your friend money per ho **b.** Sample answer: If the collection has 50 quarters and 30 dimes, when 10 of each coin are added, the new ratio of quarters to

dimes is 3:2.

### Homework

In your Big Ideas Record and Practice Journal page 312.

Learning Objective: Students will be able to use multiplication and division, and the Cross Products Property to decide if two ratios are equal.